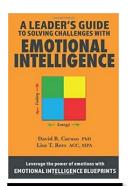
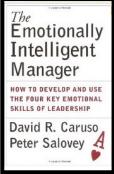
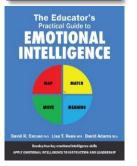
Applying the Hard Skills of Emotional Intelligence to Youth Ministry







Yale DIVINITY SCHOOL

Youth Ministry Institute

David R Caruso, PhD

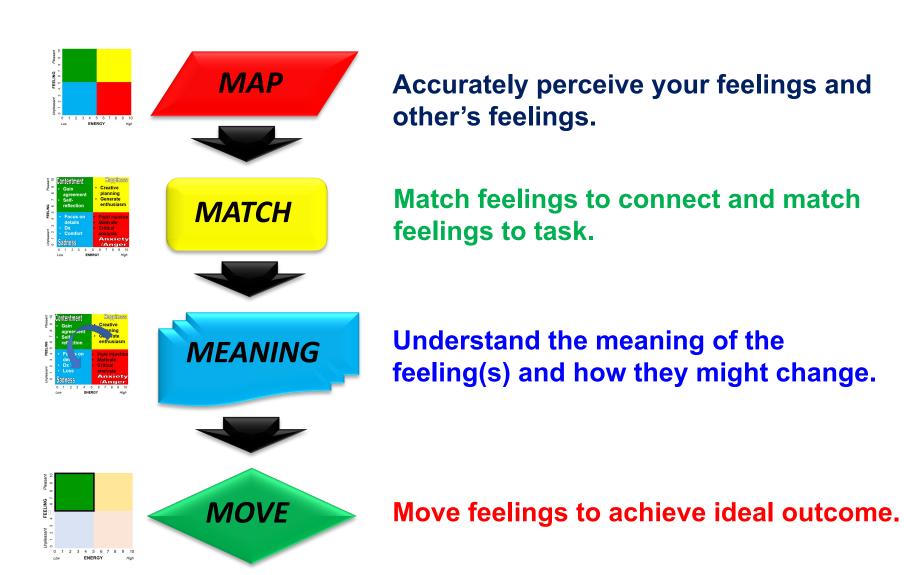
- Yale College, Senior Advisor
- Emotional Intelligence Skills Group, co-founder
- The Emotionally Intelligent Manager, Caruso & Salovey
- A Leader's Guide to Solving Challenges with Emotional Intelligence, Caruso & Rees
- Mayer Salovey Caruso Emotional Intelligence Test, Mayer, Salovey & Caruso
- Yale Center for Emotional Intelligence, Research Affiliate

About this session

- Please do not share confidential information
- But please do share and apply the content!
- Be ready: we will use chat feature and breakout rooms



Applying Emotional Intelligence Skills to Youth Ministry

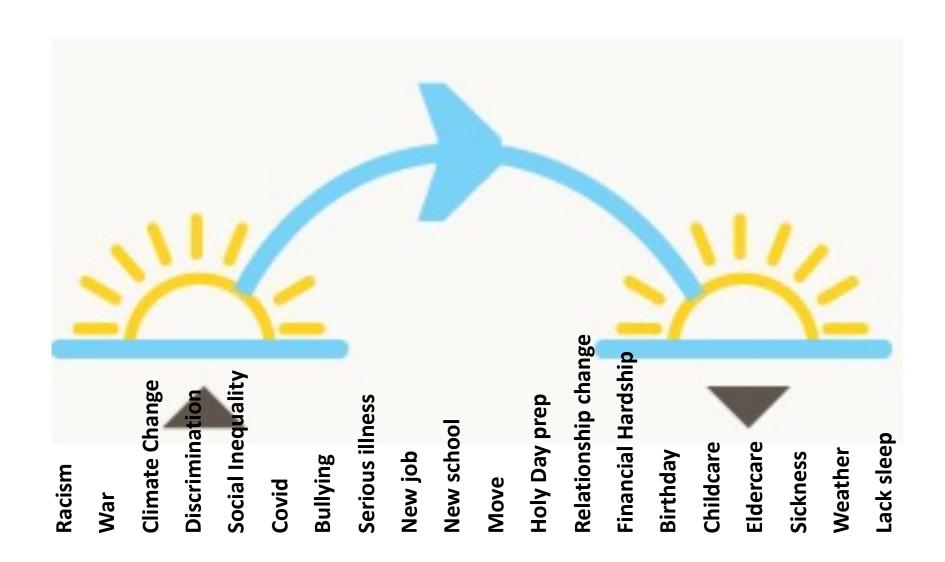


"How are you?" "How was your day?" "How was school today?" "What's going on?"



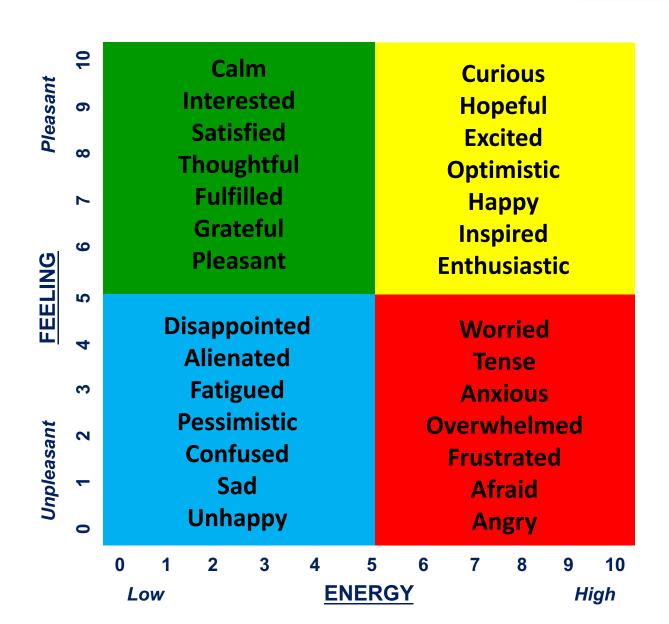
- Fine
- Okay
- Good
- Great
- "Awesome"

Your daily life is filled with emotions — and so are the lives of <u>everyone</u> you meet - every parent, teacher, child, teen, peer



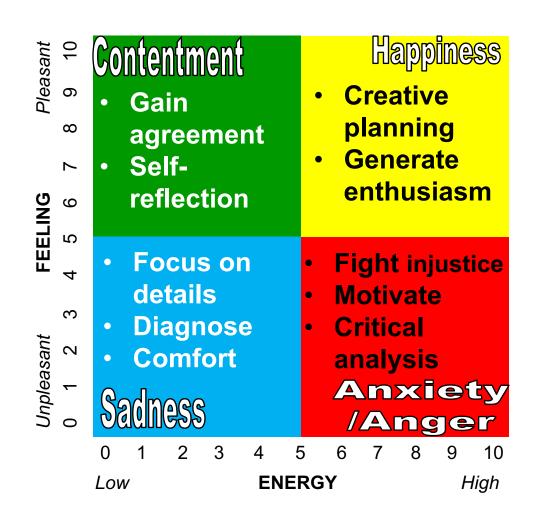
How are you really?





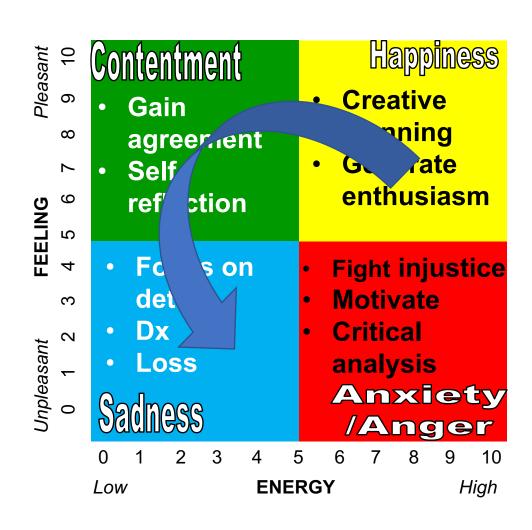
MATCH

Do your current feelings help you? Will you emotionally connect with others?



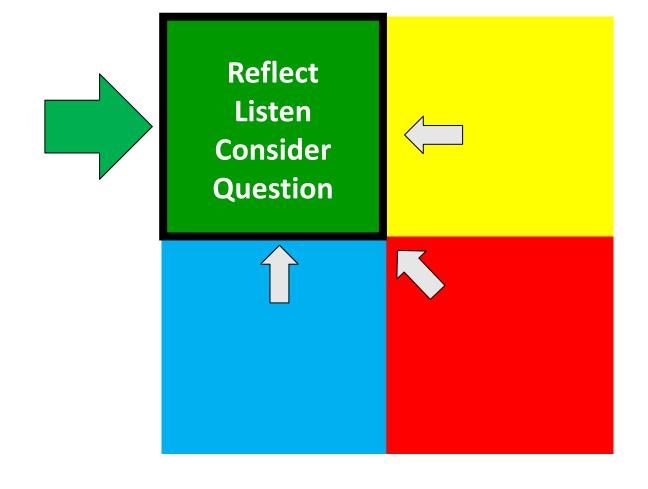
What are the causes of these feelings? And how might they change?



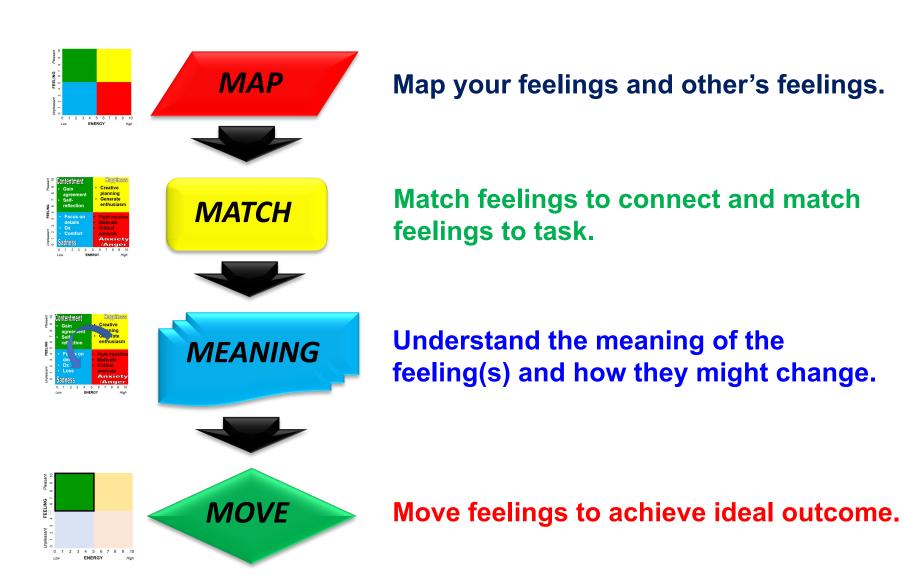


How will you manage your shifting feelings to maximize your engagement today? And with those you minister to?



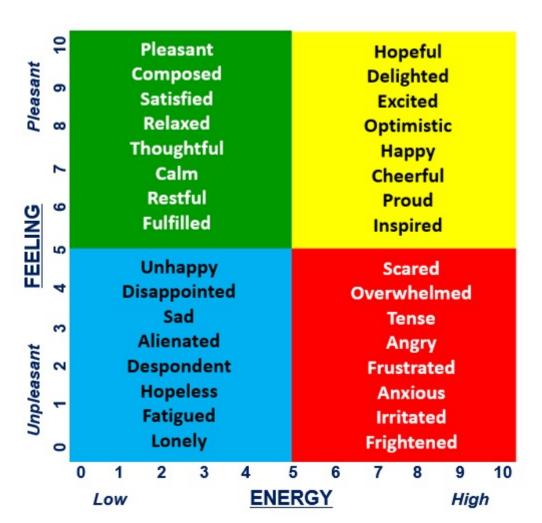


"Ability Model" of Emotional Intelligence: foundational skills



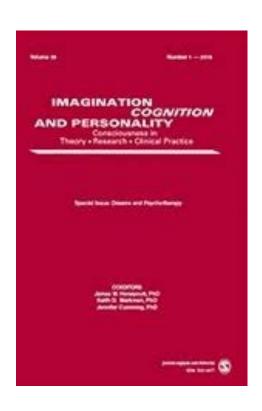
How can you ask "how are you?" to promote connection & dialogue?





- Introduce yourself and indicate how you REALLY are
- Next: how do/can you ask this question in your youth ministry? And get a real answer?
- Do not share personal info outside your group

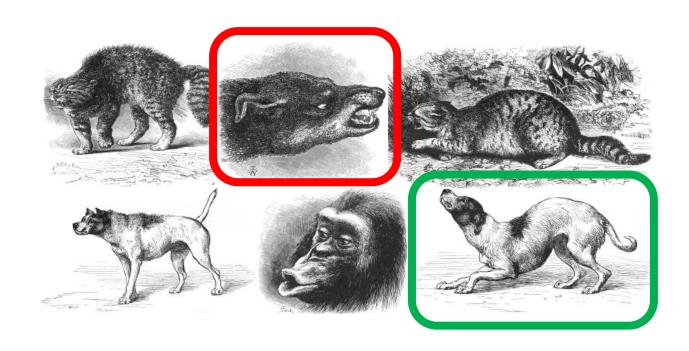
Origins of the theory of emotional intelligence



"The ability to monitor one's own and others' feelings, to discriminate among them, and to use this information to guide one's thinking and action."

Salovey & Mayer (1990). Emotional intelligence. *Imagination, Cognition, & Personality.*

Basis for emotional intelligence: emotions send signals



The expression of the emotions in man and animals – Darwin, 1872

Basis for emotional intelligence: emotions can <u>help</u> you think



Far from interfering with rationality,
the absence of emotion and feeling
can break down rationality and make
wise decision making almost
impossible. - A. Damasio

30 years of research on EI: a sample of publications

- Salovey & Mayer, 1990
- Salovey & Mayer, 1993
- Mayer & Salovey, 1995
- Mayer & Salovey, 1997
- Mayer, Salovey & Caruso, 1997
- Mayer, Caruso & Salovey, 1999
- Mayer, Salovey & Caruso, 2001
- Mayer, Salovey & Caruso, 2004
- Caruso & Salovey, 2004
- Mayer, Salovey & Caruso, 2008
- Shao, Doucet & Caruso, 2014
- Mayer, Caruso & Salovey, 2016
- Caruso & Rees, 2018
- Caruso, Rees & Adams, 2020
- Caruso, Mayer, Bryan, Phillips & Salovey, 2020
- Mayer, Caruso & Salovey, 2022 (expected)

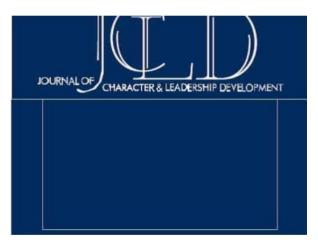
Peter Salovey:

President, Yale University

Jack Mayer:

Professor, Univ. of New Hampshire





Caruso & Rees, 2019

Measuring emotional intelligence



Mayer Salovey Caruso Emotional Intelligence Test

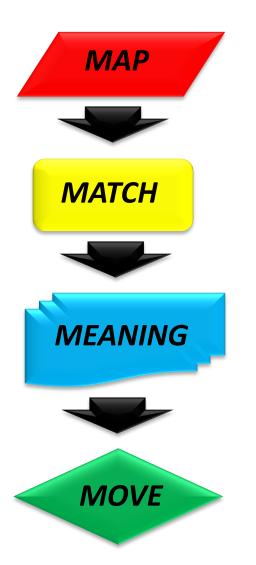
- Objectively scored skill-based test
- Most people over-estimate their El
- What if you over-estimate your skills in this area?

Why ability EI matters: Outcomes of ability-based emotional intelligence

El is <u>not</u> the most important skill. However, people higher in ability-based El:

- Engage in more pro-social behavior
- Have better quality relationships
- Better overall psychological well-being
- Greater stress tolerance
- Have greater sensitivity and empathy
- Create a more positive environment
- Better at handling conflict
- Accomplish tasks (what) by mentoring and communicating (how)

Let's try a few ways to apply the hard skills of emotional intelligence



How do you feel right now? Others? Ask - don't assume you know.

Match feelings to connect and match emotions to get things done well.

What is the cause of these feelings? How might they change?

Manage emotions (yours and others) to stay open to emotions and thrive

To everything there is a season, A time for every purpose under heaven: Match task to emotion or emotion to task

Activity	Ideal Emotion(s)	Why	Eggines Contentment Creative
Pastoral counseling session	Low Energy, Pleasant	Process and actively listen	agreement Self- reflection Focus on Fight injustice
Support teen experiencing a loss	Low Energy, Low Pleasantness	Provide solace and comfort	• Focus on details • Motivate • Dx • Comfort Sadness • Fight injustion of the motivate • Critical analysis • Anxiet /Ange
	High Energy, High Pleasantness	Inspire	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 Low ENERGY Hig
	High Energy, Low Pleasantness	Social justice	

Rejoice with them that rejoice; weep with them that weep.

EMOTION	QUESTION(S)
Frustration	Why can't I stay up late tonight?
Worry	I don't think I'll get into any good colleges.
Happiness	I really like playing video games with friends.

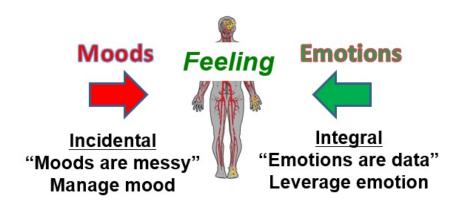
And your reply:

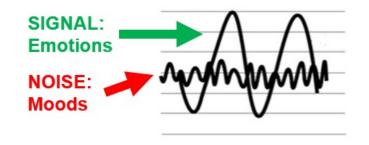
I can see how someone might feel that way.

Validation is one of the best strategies to encourage dialogue.

Validate - and then investigate I am so angry . . .

- Feelings can be based on an emotion or a mood.
- Do NOT go with your gut feel.
- Go with your ANALYZED gut.
- How would someone else react? Am I reasonable? Accurate? Correct assumptions?
- Know other person's intent?
- Or, am I just in a bad mood?





Let us not be desirous of vain glory, provoking one another, envying one another.

Managing Envy

- We cannot pick and choose aspects of another person's life.
- Would you trade your entire life for that of your friend's?

J TikTok



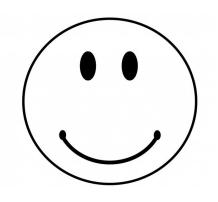
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Common belief? I need to be strong to those I minister to



Emotion Management Demonstration

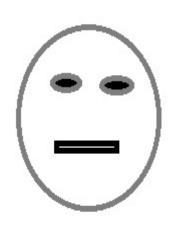
Debrief:



Poor Poker Face:

- Others sense we are not being genuine and are hiding something
- How does it impact our relationships if we try to hide our underlying feelings – but they still "leak"?

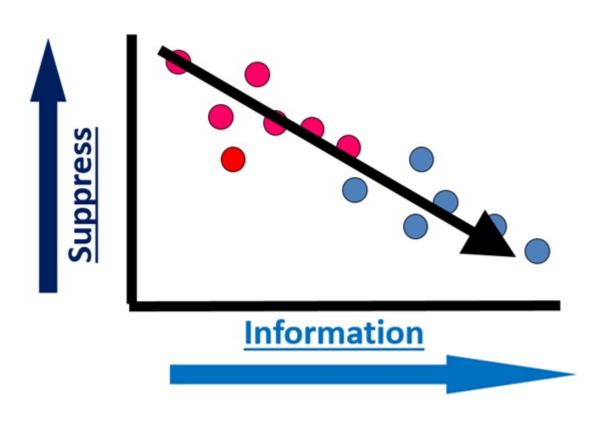
Debrief:



Good Poker Face

- Who had a good poker face?
- What did you do to stay neutral?
- How many slides?
- Order of slides?

There are cognitive costs of emotional suppression



Good Poker Face:

- While there are times to suppress,
- suppression means you are not present,
- and you will miss signals.

After J. Gross, 1998, etc.

MOVE

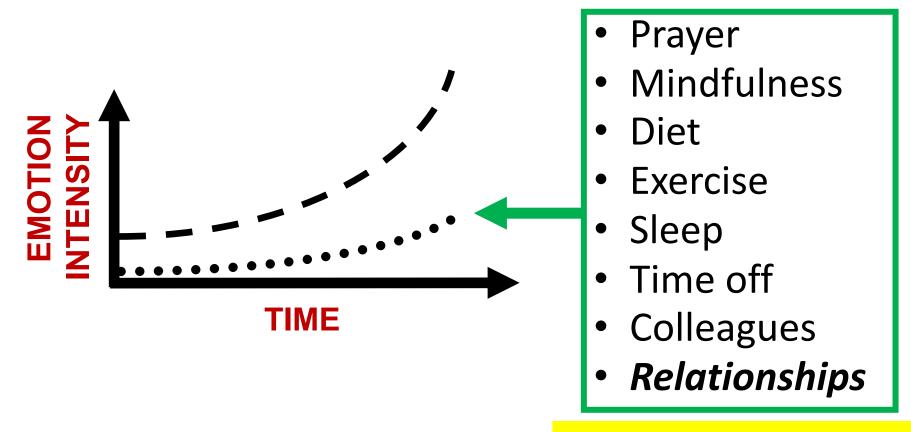
If emotions are data and impact thinking and decision making you need effective ways to process emotions



- Suppression
- Blaming oneself
- Blaming others
- Procrastination
- Acting out behavior
- Poor health habits
- Abusing drugs and alcohol
- Avoidance
- Denial
- Ignoring the emotion
- Wishful thinking
- Rumination

Effective long-term strategies to reduce your emotional set-point

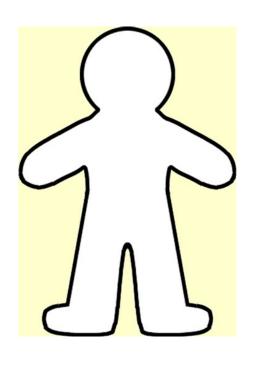




Be **physically** not **socially** distant

Effective strategies that do not take a lot of time





- Prepare: Mentally prepare for what could happen anticipate possible reactions (affective forecasting)
- Self-Talk: practice, rehearse (to yourself)
- Modify the situation: Change an aspect of the situation (consider when and where you meet)
- **Modify your mood**: Express a different mood before the situation (psych yourself up)
- Re-appraise the situation: Consider the other's point of view (you can never know what the other person is experiencing, maybe they are right)
- Intervening moment: Pause, breathe, reflect . . . And then respond
- **Physiological techniques**: Deep breath, stretch, stand up, walk, use a headset

Effective strategies that do not take a lot of time

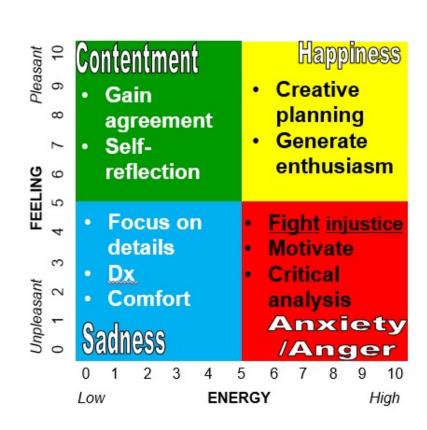




- **Show Interest:** non-verbal (nod, eye contact, remove distractions)
- **Show Interest 2:** paraphrase, summarize and(do not need to agree)
- Hypothesize: "it sounds like you may feel ___ because of ____. Is that right?
- Validate: Don't argue, <u>validate</u> their perspective and feelings. ("I can see how someone might feel that way" *because they do*)
- Express concern: "I am here to help." "Tell me what you'd like to accomplish." "What can I do to support you?"
- Intervening Moment: Take a brief pause then respond
- Apologize: acknowledge we messed up in a meaningful way
- Shared Experience: disclose if appropriate and done cautiously

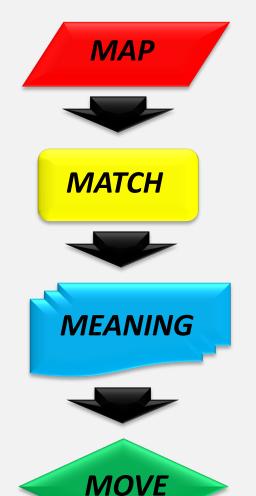
Your Challenge:

- exhibiting these skills in real-time
- at a high level of expertise
- under stress
- on a consistent basis



How do / will you apply these skills in your youth ministry?





How do you feel right now? Others? Ask - don't assume you know.

Match feelings to connect and match emotions to get work done.

What words best describe these feelings? What is the cause of these feelings? How might they change?

Manage feelings (yours and others) to stay open to emotions and thrive

Additional Information & Resources

Videos:

"How are you?" Brief video on ability model of El

Match emotions - Match Emotions video

Managing Emotions - <u>Emotion Management strategies video</u>

Books:

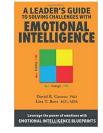
Leaders: A Leader's Guide to Solving Challenges with Emotional Intelligence.

Educators: The Educator's Practical Guide to Emotional Intelligence.

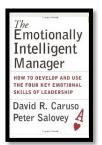
Workbook: <u>Developing Your El Skills Workbook</u>

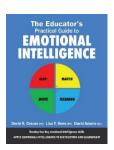
Caruso & Salovey: <u>Emotionally Intelligent Manager</u>

For more questions, feedback & comments: david@eiskills.com





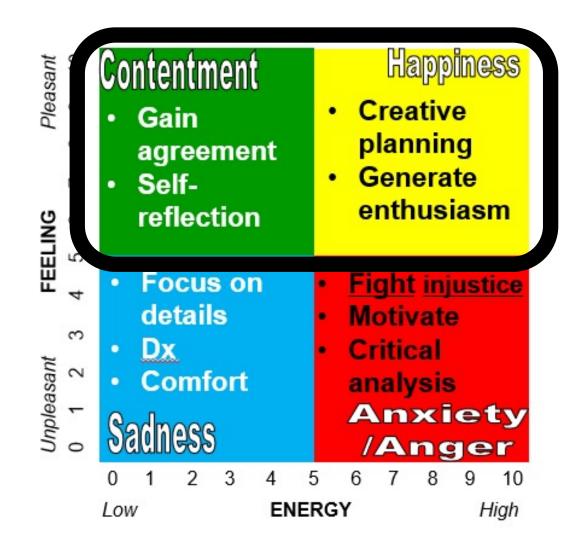






Consider the ability model of El and determine

how to conclude?



Applying the Hard Skills of Emotional Intelligence to Youth Ministry

"Make a joyful noise unto the Lord, all the earth: make a loud noise, and rejoice, and sing praise."